Job Performance Aids (Job Aids)

What is it?

"A printed or visual summary of key points or steps essential in the performance of a job" (Broad & Newstrom, p. 91)

- Often used as part of instruction
- Sometimes used instead of training

What are some examples?

- Checklists
- Worksheets
- Flow charts
- Procedure manuals
- Work samples (such as memo or resume templates in MS Word)
- There are many examples of checklists, worksheets, and flow charts in Rothwell & Kazanas; see pages 166-167, 196-201 for examples

Strengths and Weaknesses

Strengths

- Helps ensure transfer of training to job
- Supports effective job performance (speed and accuracy)
- Reduces time to learn complex procedures
- Reduces time to recall and/or perform unfamiliar procedures
- Cheaper than training
- Can be readily revised

Weaknesses

Inappropriate when:

- There is no time during work tasks to refer to job aid
- Reference to job aid would undermine employee's credibility with customer
- Consequences of error are trivial
- Procedures are simple
- Task is frequently performed

Steps to Success

- Most effective when explained and tried out in class first, before application on the job
- Use when:
 - o Consequences of error are great
 - Procedures are complicated
 - o Task is infrequently performed
 - Time for training is limited
 - Budget for training is limited
- See additional guidelines for checklists, algorithms, procedure manuals, and work samples in Rothwell & Kazanas, pp. 20-21

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References

- Mastering the Instructional Design Process by Rothwell & Kazanas (1998)
- Active Training by Mel Silberman (1998)
 Transfer of Training by Broad & Newstrom (1992)

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